# **MED-2214**

Safety Data Sheet

according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH) with its amendment Regulation (EU) 2015/830 Date of issue:

Revision date: 05/12/2017

## SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

## 1.1. Product identifier

Product form **Product Name** Synonyms

Mixture MED-2214 Silicone Dispersion

20/12/2013

# 1.2. Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

## 1.2.1. Relevant identified uses

Use of the substance/mixture

For fabricating variously shaped elastomeric parts by brushing spraying or dipping. For professional use only.

## 1.2.2. Uses advised against

No additional information available

# 1.3. Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

NuSil Technology LLC 1050 Cindy Lane Carpinteria, California 93013 USA (805) 684-8780 ehs@nusil.com www.nusil.com

## 1.4. Emergency telephone number

: 800-424-9300 CHEMTREC (in US); +1 703-527-3887 CHEMTREC (International Emergency number and Maritime)

# **SECTION 2: Hazards identification**

#### 2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture Classification According to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP]

• •	•
Flam. Liq. 3	H226
Acute Tox. 4 (Dermal)	H312
Acute Tox. 4 (Inhalation:vapour)	H332
Skin Irrit. 2	H315
Eye Irrit. 2	H319
Asp. Tox. 1	H304

Full text of hazard classes and H-statements: see section 16

## 2.2. Label elements

# Labelling according to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP]

Hazard pictograms (CLP)

	GHS02	GHS07	GHS08		
Signal word (CLP)	Danger				
Hazardous ingredients	Xylenes (o	-, m-, p- isc	omers)		
Hazard statements (CLP)	H226 - Flar	nmable liq	uid and vapou	Jr.	
	H304 - Ma	y be fatal i	f swallowed ar	nd enters airway	/S.



Version: 3.0

Precautionary statements (CLP)

H312+H332 - Harmful in contact with skin or if inhaled H315 - Causes skin irritation. H319 - Causes serious eye irritation. P210 - Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking. P233 - Keep container tightly closed. P240 - Ground and bond container and receiving equipment. P241 - Use explosion-proof electrical, ventilating, and lighting equipment. P242 - Use non-sparking tools. P243 - Take action to prevent static discharges. P261 - Avoid breathing vapors, mist, or spray. P264 - Wash hands, forearms, and exposed areas thoroughly after handling P271 - Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area. P280 - Wear eye protection, protective clothing, protective gloves. P301+P310 - IF SWALLOWED: Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor. P302+P352 - IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of water. P303+P361+P353 - IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water. P304+P340 - IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. P305+P351+P338 - IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. P312 - Call a POISON CENTRE or doctor if you feel unwell. P321 - Specific treatment (see Section 4 on this SDS). P331 - Do NOT induce vomiting. P332+P313 - If skin irritation occurs: Get medical advice/attention. P337+P313 - If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/attention. P362+P364 - Take off contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse. P370+P378 - In case of fire: Use appropriate media (see section 5) to extinguish. P403+P235 - Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool. P405 - Store locked up.

P501 - Dispose of contents/container to hazardous or special waste collection point, in accordance with local, regional, national and/or international regulation.

#### 2.3. Other Hazards

Other hazards not contributing to the classification

Exposure may aggravate pre-existing eye, skin, or respiratory conditions.

## **SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients**

#### 3.1. Substances

Not applicable

#### 3.2. Mixture

Name	Product identifier	%	Classification According to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP]
Xylenes (o-, m-, p- isomers)	(CAS-No.) 1330-20-7 (EC-No.) 215-535-7 (EC Index-No.) 601-022-00-9	60 - 70	Flam. Liq. 3, H226 Acute Tox. 4 (Dermal), H312 Acute Tox. 4 (Inhalation:vapour), H332 Skin Irrit. 2, H315 Eye Irrit. 2, H319 Asp. Tox. 1, H304
3-Butyn-2-ol, 2-methyl-	(CAS-No.) 115-19-5 (EC-No.) 204-070-5	< 1	Flam. Liq. 2, H225 Acute Tox. 4 (Oral), H302 Eye Dam. 1, H318

Full text of H-statements: see section 16

## SECTION 4: First aid measures

## 4.1. Description of first aid measures

First-aid measures general	Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If you feel unwell, seek medical advice (show the label where possible).
First-aid measures after	When symptoms occur: go into open air and ventilate
inhalation	suspected area. Remove to fresh air and keep at rest in a
	position comfortable for breathing. Get medical
	advice/attention.
First-aid measures after skin	Remove contaminated clothing. Drench affected area with
contact	water for at least 15 minutes. Get immediate medical
	advice/attention.
First-aid measures after eye	Rinse cautiously with water for at least 15 minutes. Remove
contact	contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.
	Get immediate medical advice/attention.
First-aid measures after	Do NOT induce vomiting. Rinse mouth. Immediately call a
ingestion	POISON CENTER or doctor/physician.
• • •	Ind effects, both acute and delayed
Symptoms/effects	Causes serious eye irritation. Causes skin irritation. May cause
	drowsiness and dizziness. Harmful in contact with skin. Harmful
	if inhaled. May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.
Symptoms/effects after	High concentrations may cause central nervous system
inhalation	depression such as dizziness, vomiting, numbness, drowsiness,
	headache, and similar narcotic symptoms. Inhalation is likely
	to cause adverse health effects including but not limited to:
	irritation, difficulty breathing, and unconsciousness.
Symptoms/effects after skin	Redness, pain, swelling, itching, burning, dryness, and
contact	dermatitis. This material is harmful through skin contact, and
	can cause adverse health effects or death in significant
	amounts. This material may be absorbed through the skin and
	eyes.
Symptoms/effects after eye	Contact causes severe irritation with redness and swelling of
contact	the conjunctiva.

Symptoms/effects afterAspiingestionvomChronic symptomsRep

Aspiration into the lungs can occur during ingestion or vomiting and may cause lung injury.

Repeated or prolonged skin contact may cause dermatitis and defatting.

## 4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

If exposed or concerned, get medical advice and attention. If medical advice is needed, have product container or label at hand.

## **SECTION 5: Firefighting measures**

#### 5.1. Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing media	Dry chemical powder, alcohol-resistant foam, carbon dioxide (CO <sub>2</sub> ). Water may be ineffective but water should be used to keep fire-exposed container cool.
Unsuitable extinguishing media	Do not use a heavy water stream. A heavy water stream may spread burning liquid.
5.2. Special hazards arising from	m the substance or mixture
Fire hazard	Flammable liquid and vapour.
Explosion hazard	May form flammable or explosive vapour-air mixture.
Reactivity	Reacts violently with strong oxidisers. Increased risk of fire or explosion.
5.3. Advice for firefighters	
Precautionary measures fire Firefighting instructions	Exercise caution when fighting any chemical fire. Use water spray or fog for cooling exposed containers. In case of major fire and large quantities: Evacuate area. Fight fire remotely due to the risk of explosion.
Protection during firefighting	Do not enter fire area without proper protective equipment, including respiratory protection.
Other information	Do not allow run-off from fire fighting to enter drains or water courses.

## SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

## 6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

General measures	Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames, and other ignition sources. No smoking. Use special care to avoid static electric charges. Avoid all contact with skin, eyes, or clothing. Do not breathe vapor, mist or spray.
6.1.1. For non-emergency	personnel
Protective equipment	Use appropriate personal protective equipment (PPE).
Emergency procedures	Evacuate unnecessary personnel. Stop leak if safe to do so.
6.1.2. For emergency resp	onders
Protective equipment	Equip cleanup crew with proper protection.
Emergency procedures	Upon arrival at the scene, a first responder is expected to
	recognize the presence of dangerous goods, protect oneself
	and the public, secure the area, and call for the assistance of
	trained personnel as soon as conditions permit. Ventilate area.
	Eliminate ignition sources.

## 6.2. Environmental precautions

Prevent entry to sewers and public waters. Avoid release to the environment.

#### 6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

For containment	Contain any spills with dikes or absorbents to prevent migration and entry into sewers or streams. As an immediate precautionary measure, isolate spill or leak area in all
	directions. Ventilate area.
Methods for cleaning up	Clean up spills immediately and dispose of waste safely.
	Transfer spilled material to a suitable container for disposal.
	Contact competent authorities after a spill. Absorb and/or
	sparking tools.
	contain spill with inert material. Do not take up in combustible material such as: saw dust or cellulosic material. Use only non- sparking tools.

#### 6.4. Reference to other sections

See Section 8 for exposure controls and personal protection and Section 13 for disposal considerations.

## **SECTION 7: Handling and storage**

#### 7.1. Precautions for safe handling

Additional hazards when processed	Handle empty containers with care because residual vapours are flammable.
Precautions for safe handling	Wash hands and other exposed areas with mild soap and water before eating, drinking or smoking and when leaving work. Avoid breathing vapors, mist, spray. Take precautionary measures against static discharge. Use only non-sparking tools. Handle empty containers with care because they may still present a hazard. Do not get in eyes, on skin, or on clothing. Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area.
Hygiene measures	Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety procedures.
7.2. Conditions for safe storage	e, including any incompatibilities
Technical measures	Comply with applicable regulations. Take action to prevent static discharges. Ground and bond container and receiving equipment. Use explosion-proof electrical, ventilating, and lighting equipment.
Storage conditions	Store in a dry, cool place. Keep/Store away from direct sunlight, extremely high or low temperatures and incompatible materials. Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed. Keep in fireproof place.
Incompatible materials	Strong acids, strong bases, strong oxidizers.
7.3. Specific end use(s)	

For fabricating variously shaped elastomeric parts by brushing spraying or dipping. For professional use only.

## SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

#### 8.1. Control parameters

Xylenes (o-, m-, p- isomers) (1330-20-7)		
EU	IOELV TWA (mg/m³)	221 mg/m³ (pure)
EU	IOELV TWA (ppm)	50 ppm (pure)

Xylenes (o-, m-, p-	isomers) (1330-20-7)	
EU	IOELV STEL (mg/m <sup>3</sup> )	442 mg/m³ (pure)
EU	IOELV STEL (ppm)	100 ppm (pure)
EU	Notes	Possibility of significant uptake through the skin (pure)
Austria	MAK (mg/m³)	221 mg/m <sup>3</sup> (all isomers)
Austria	MAK (ppm)	50 ppm (all isomers)
Austria	MAK Short time value (mg/m³)	442 mg/m³ (all isomers)
Austria	MAK Short time value (ppm)	100 ppm (all isomers)
Austria	OEL chemical category (AT)	Skin notation
Belgium	Limit value (mg/m³)	221 mg/m³
Belgium	Limit value (ppm)	50 ppm
Belgium	Short time value (mg/m³)	442 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
Belgium	Short time value (ppm)	100 ppm
Belgium	OEL chemical category (BE)	Skin, Skin notation pure
Bulgaria	OEL TWA (mg/m³)	221 mg/m³ (pure)
Bulgaria	OEL TWA (ppm)	50 ppm (pure)
Bulgaria	OEL STEL (mg/m³)	442 mg/m³ (pure)
Bulgaria	OEL STEL (ppm)	100 ppm (pure)
Croatia	GVI (granična vrijednost izloženosti) (mg/m³)	221 mg/m³
Croatia	GVI (granična vrijednost izloženosti) (ppm)	50 ppm
Croatia	KGVI (kratkotrajna granična vrijednost izloženosti) (mg/m³)	442 mg/m³
Croatia	KGVI (kratkotrajna granična vrijednost izloženosti) (ppm)	100 ppm
Croatia	OEL chemical category (HR)	Skin notation
Croatia	Croatia - BLV	<ul> <li>1,5 mg/l Parameter: Xylene - Medium: blood - Sampling time: at the end of the shift (alcohol before exposure to Xylene raises occurrence)</li> <li>1,5 g/g creatinine Parameter: Methylhippuric acid - Medium: blood - Sampling time: at the end of the shift (for all results that are expressed as Creatinine, Creatinine concentration less than 0.5 g/L and greater than 3.0 g/L should not be considered)</li> </ul>
Cyprus	OEL TWA (mg/m³)	221 mg/m³
Cyprus	OEL TWA (ppm)	50 ppm
Cyprus	OEL STEL (mg/m <sup>3</sup> )	442 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
Cyprus	OEL STEL (ppm)	100 ppm
05/12/2017	EN (English)	6/17

Cyprus	OEL chemical category	Skin-potential for cutaneous
Cypros	(CY)	absorption
France	VLE (mg/m <sup>3</sup> )	442 mg/m <sup>3</sup> (restrictive limit)
France	VLE (ppm)	100 ppm (restrictive limit)
France	VME (mg/m <sup>3</sup> )	221 mg/m <sup>3</sup> (restrictive limit)
France	VME (ppm)	50 ppm (restrictive limit)
France	OEL chemical category (FR)	Risk of cutaneous absorption
France	France - BLV	1500 mg/g creatinine Parameter: Methylhippuric acid - Medium: urin - Sampling time: end of shift
Germany	TRGS 900 Occupational exposure limit value (mg/m³)	440 mg/m³ (all isomers)
Germany	TRGS 900 Occupational exposure limit value (ppm)	100 ppm (all isomers)
Germany	TRGS 903 (BGW)	1,5 mg/l Parameter: Xylene - Medium: whole blood - Sampling time: end of shift (all isomers) 2000 mg/l Parameter: Methylhippuric(tolur-)acid - Medium: urine - Sampling time: end of shift (all isomers)
Germany	TRGS 900 chemical category	Skin notation all isomers
Gibraltar	Eight hours mg/m3	221 mg/m³ (pure)
Gibraltar	Eight hours ppm	50 ppm (pure)
Gibraltar	Short-term mg/m3	442 mg/m³ (pure)
Gibraltar	Short-term ppm	100 ppm (pure)
Gibraltar	OEL chemical category (GI)	Skin notation pure
Greece	OEL TWA (mg/m³)	435 mg/m³
Greece	OEL TWA (ppm)	100 ppm
Greece	OEL STEL (mg/m³)	650 mg/m³
Greece	OEL STEL (ppm)	150 ppm
Greece	OEL chemical category (GR)	skin - potential for cutaneous absorption
Italy	OEL TWA (mg/m³)	221 mg/m³ (pure)
Italy	OEL TWA (ppm)	50 ppm (pure)
Italy	OEL STEL (mg/m <sup>3</sup> )	442 mg/m <sup>3</sup> (pure)
Italy	OEL STEL (ppm)	100 ppm (pure)
Italy	OEL chemical category (IT)	skin - potential for cutaneous absorption pure
Latvia	OEL TWA (mg/m³)	221 mg/m³
Latvia	OEL TWA (ppm)	50 ppm
Latvia	OEL chemical category (LV)	skin - potential for cutaneous exposure

Spain	VLA-ED (mg/m³)	221 mg/m³ (indicative limit value)
Spain	VLA-ED (mg/m)	50 ppm (indicative limit value)
Spain	VLA-EC (mg/m <sup>3</sup> )	442 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
Spain	VLA-EC (ppm)	100 ppm
Spain	OEL chemical category (ES)	skin - potential for cutaneous absorption
Spain	Spain - BLV	1 g/g creatinine Parameter: Methylhippuric acids - Medium: urine - Sampling time: end of shift
Switzerland	KZGW (mg/m³)	870 mg/m³
Switzerland	KZGW (ppm)	200 ppm
Switzerland	MAK (mg/m³)	435 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
Switzerland	MAK (ppm)	100 ppm
Switzerland	OEL chemical category	
	(CH)	Skin notation
Switzerland	Switzerland - BLV	<ul> <li>1,5 g/g creatinine Parameter:</li> <li>Methylhippuric acid - Medium: urir</li> <li>Sampling time: end of shift, and after several shifts (for long-term exposures)</li> <li>1,5 mg/l Parameter: Xylol - Mediun whole blood - Sampling time: end shift</li> </ul>
Netherlands	Grenswaarde TGG 8H (mg/m³)	210 mg/m³
Netherlands	Grenswaarde TGG 15MIN (mg/m³)	442 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
United Kingdom	WEL TWA (mg/m³)	220 mg/m³
United Kingdom	WEL TWA (ppm)	50 ppm
United Kingdom	WEL STEL (mg/m³)	441 mg/m³
United Kingdom	WEL STEL (ppm)	100 ppm
United Kingdom	WEL chemical category	Potential for cutaneous absorptior
Czech Republic	Expoziční limity (PEL) (mg/m³)	200 mg/m³
Czech Republic	OEL chemical category (CZ)	Potential for cutaneous absorptior
Czech Republic	Czech Republic - BLV	820 µmol/mmol Creatinine Parameter: Methylhippuric acid - Medium: urine - Sampling time: en of shift 1400 mg/g creatinine Parameter: Methylhippuric acid - Medium: urir - Sampling time: end of shift
Denmark	Grænseværdie (langvarig) (mg/m³)	109 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
Denmark	Grænseværdie (langvarig) (ppm)	25 ppm

Xylenes (o-, m-, p- is	omers) (1330-20-7)		
Estonia	OEL TWA (mg/m³)	221 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	
Estonia	OEL TWA (ppm)	50 ppm	
Estonia	OEL STEL (mg/m³)	442 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	
Estonia	OEL STEL (ppm)	100 ppm	
Estonia	OEL chemical category (ET)	Skin notation	
Finland	HTP-arvo (8h) (mg/m³)	220 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	
Finland	HTP-arvo (8h) (ppm)	50 ppm	
Finland	HTP-arvo (15 min)	440 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	
Finland	HTP-arvo (15 min) (ppm)	100 ppm	
Finland	OEL chemical category (FI)	Potential for cutaneous absorption	
Finland	Finland - BLV	Parameter: Methylhippuric acid - Medium: urine - Sampling time: end of shift	
Hungary	AK-érték	221 mg/m³	
Hungary	CK-érték	442 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	
Hungary	OEL chemical category (HU)	Potential for cutaneous absorption	
Ireland	OEL (8 hours ref) (mg/m³)	221 mg/m³	
Ireland	OEL (8 hours ref) (ppm)	50 ppm	
Ireland	OEL (15 min ref) (mg/m3)	442 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	
Ireland	OEL (15 min ref) (ppm)	100 ppm	
Ireland	OEL chemical category (IE)	Potential for cutaneous absorptic	
Lithuania	IPRV (mg/m³)	200 mg/m³	
Lithuania	IPRV (ppm)	50 ppm	
Lithuania	TPRV (mg/m³)	450 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	
Lithuania	TPRV (ppm)	100 ppm	
Lithuania	OEL chemical category (LT)	Skin notation	
Luxembourg	OEL TWA (mg/m³)	221 mg/m³	
Luxembourg	OEL TWA (ppm)	50 ppm	
Luxembourg	OEL STEL (mg/m³)	442 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	
Luxembourg	OEL STEL (ppm)	100 ppm	
Luxembourg	OEL chemical category (LU)	Possibility of significant uptake through the skin	
Malta	OEL TWA (mg/m³)	221 mg/m³ (pure)	
Malta	OEL TWA (ppm)	50 ppm (pure)	
Malta	OEL STEL (mg/m <sup>3</sup> )	442 mg/m <sup>3</sup> (pure)	
Malta	OEL STEL (ppm)	100 ppm (pure)	
Malta	OEL chemical category (MT)	Possibility of significant uptake through the skin pure	
Norway	Grenseverdier (AN) (mg/m³)	108 mg/m³	
Norway	Grenseverdier (AN) (ppm)	25 ppm	
Norway	Grenseverdier (Korttidsverdi) (mg/m3)	135 mg/m³ (value calculated)	
Norway Grenseverdier (Korttidsverdi) (ppm)		37,5 ppm (value calculated)	

Skin notation	
100 mg/m³	
221 mg/m <sup>3</sup> (pure)	
50 ppm (pure)	
e)	
Skin notation pure	
3 g/l Parameter: Methylhippuric acid - Medium: urine - Sampling time: end of shift	
aneous absorption	
eter: Xylene - - Sampling time: e or work shift (all meter: acid - Medium: urin : end of exposure o	
50 ppm	
442 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	
100 ppm	
aneous absorption	
221 mg/m <sup>3</sup> (indicative limit value)	
50 ppm (indicative limit value)	
442 mg/m <sup>3</sup> (indicative limit value) 100 ppm (indicative limit value)	
able as a Human n - potential for	
ati ak	

3-Butyn-2-ol, 2-methyl- (115-19-5)				
Austria	MAK (mg/m³)	3 mg/m³		
Austria	MAK (ppm)	0,9 ppm		
Austria	MAK Short time value (mg/m³)	6 mg/m³		
Austria	MAK Short time value (ppm)	1,8 ppm		
Germany	TRGS 900 Occupational exposure limit value (mg/m³)	3 mg/m³		
Germany	TRGS 900 Occupational exposure limit value (ppm)	0,9 ppm		

#### 8.2. Exposure controls

Appropriate engineering controls

Emergency eye wash fountains and safety showers should be available in the immediate vicinity of any potential exposure. Ensure adequate ventilation, especially in confined areas. Ensure all national/local regulations are observed. Gas detectors should be used when flammable gases or vapors may be released. Proper grounding procedures to avoid static electricity should be followed. Use explosion-proof equipment. Gas detectors should be used when toxic gases may be released.

Personal protective equipment

Materials for protective clothing Hand protection Eye protection Skin and body protection Respiratory protection Gloves. Protective clothing. Protective goggles. Insufficient ventilation: wear respiratory protection.



Chemically resistant materials and fabrics. Wear fire/flame resistant/retardant clothing.
Wear protective gloves.
Chemical safety goggles.
Wear suitable protective clothing.
If exposure limits are exceeded or irritation is experienced, approved respiratory protection should be worn. In case of inadequate ventilation, oxygen deficient atmosphere, or where exposure levels are not known wear approved respiratory protection.

Other information

When using, do not eat, drink or smoke.

## **SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties**

## 9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Physical state	: Liquid
Colour	: Transparent
Odour	: Sweet
Odour threshold	: No data available
рН	: No data available
Relative evaporation rate (butylacetate=1)	: No data available

Melting point	: No data available	
Freezing point	: No data available	
Boiling point	: 140 °C (284 °F)	
Flash point	: 27 °C (81 °F)	
Auto-ignition temperature	: No data available	
Decomposition temperature	: No data available	
Flammability (solid, gas)	: Not applicable	
Vapour pressure	: No data available	
Relative vapour density at 20 °C	: No data available	
Relative Density	: <1 (water = 1)	
Solubility	: No data available	
Partition coefficient: n-octanol/w	ater : No data available	
Viscosity	: 1800 cP	
Viscosity, kinematic	: No data available	
Viscosity, dynamic	: No data available	
Explosive properties	: No data available	
Oxidising properties	: No data available	
Explosive limits	: Not applicable	
9.2. Other information		
VOC content	60 - 70 %	

## **SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity**

## 10.1. Reactivity

Reacts violently with strong oxidisers. Increased risk of fire or explosion.

## 10.2. Chemical stability

Flammable liquid and vapour. May form flammable or explosive vapour-air mixture.

#### 10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions

Hazardous polymerization will not occur.

## 10.4. Conditions to avoid

Direct sunlight, extremely high or low temperatures, heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames, incompatible materials, and other ignition sources.

#### 10.5. Incompatible materials

Strong acids, strong bases, strong oxidizers.

#### 10.6. Hazardous decomposition products

Carbon oxides (CO, CO<sub>2</sub>). Silicon oxides. Will decompose above 150 °C (> 300 °F) releasing formaldehyde vapours. Formaldehyde is a potential carcinogen and can act as a potential skin and respiratory sensitizer. Formaldehyde can also cause respiratory and eye irritation. May produce explosive hydrogen gas on contact with incompatibilities or upon thermal decomposition.

## **SECTION 11: Toxicological information**

## 11.1. Information on toxicological effects

MED-2214	Harmful if inhaled.
Acute toxicity	Dermal: Harmful in contact with skin. Inhalation:vapour:

ATE CLP (dermal)	1713,1287961377 mg/kg bodyweight

Safety Data Sheet according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH) with its amendment Regulation (EU) 2015/830

MED-2214			
ATE CLP (vapours)		17,1312879614 mg/l/4h	
Xylenes (o-, m-, p- isomers) (13	30-20-7)		
LD50 oral rat		> 5000 mg/kg	
LD50 dermal		1700 mg/kg	
LC50 inhalation rat (ppm)		6247 ppm/4h (species: Sprague-Dawley)	
ATE CLP (vapours)		11 mg/l/4h	
3-Butyn-2-ol, 2-methyl- (115-19	-5)		
LD50 oral rat		1950 mg/kg	
LD50 dermal rat		> 2000 mg/kg	
LC50 inhalation rat (Vapours - mg/l/4h)		> 21,3 mg/l/4h	
Skin corrosion/irritation Causes		skin irritation.	
Serious eye damage/irritation		serious eye irritation.	
Respiratory or skin sensitisation Not class			
Germ cell mutagenicity Not classifi			
Carcinogenicity	Not classified		
Reproductive toxicity	Not classified		
STOT-single exposure		: Not classified	
STOT-repeated exposure		: Not classified	
Aspiration hazard May be fat		e fatal if swallowed and enters airways.	

# **SECTION 12: Ecological information**

## 12.1.Toxicity

Ecology - general	Toxic to aquatic life.			
Xylenes (o-, m-, p- isomers) (1330-20-7)				
LC50 fish 1	3,3 mg/l			
EC50 Daphnia 1	3,82 mg/l (Exposure time: 48 h - Species: water flea)			
LC50 fish 2	2,661 (2,661 - 4,093) mg/l (Exposure time: 96 h - Species: Oncorhynchus mykiss [static])			
3-Butyn-2-ol, 2-methyl- (115-19-5	5)			
LC50 fish 1	3120 (3120 - 3480) mg/l (Exposure time: 96 h - Species: Pimephales promelas [flow-through])			
EC50 Daphnia 1	500 mg/l (Exposure time: 48 h - Species: Daphnia magna)			
EC50 other aquatic organisms 1	500 mg/l (Exposure time: 72 h - Species: Desmodesmus subspicatus)			
LC50 fish 2	2200 (2200 - 4600) mg/l (Exposure time: 96 h - Species: Leuciscus idus [static])			
EC50 other aquatic organisms 2	500 mg/l (Exposure time: 96 h - Species: Desmodesmus subspicatus)			
12.2. Persistence and degradability				
MED-2214				
Persistence and degradability	Not established.			

#### 12.3. Bioaccumulative potential

MED-2214				
Bioaccumulative potential	Not established.			
Xylenes (o-, m-, p- isomers) (1330-20-7)				
BCF fish 1	0,6 (0,6 - 15)			
Log Pow	2,77 - 3,15			
3-Butyn-2-ol, 2-methyl- (115-19	9-5)			
Log Pow	0,318 (at 25 °C)			
12.4. Mobility in soil				
No additional information availa	able			

#### 12.5. Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

No additional information available

#### 12.6. Other adverse effects

Other information

Avoid release to the environment.

## **SECTION 13: Disposal considerations**

## 13.1. Waste treatment methods

Product/Packaging disposal recommendations	Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local, regional, national, and international regulations.
Additional information	Handle empty containers with care because residual vapours are flammable.
Ecology - waste materials	Avoid release to the environment. This material is hazardous to the aquatic environment. Keep out of sewers and waterways.

## **SECTION 14: Transport information**

The shipping description(s) stated herein were prepared in accordance with certain assumptions at the time the SDS was authored, and can vary based on a number of variables that may or may not have been known at the time the SDS was issued.

ADR	IMDG	IATA	ADN	RID			
14.1. UN number							
1307	1307	1307	1307	1307			
14.2. UN proper shi	pping name						
XYLENES	XYLENES	XYLENES	XYLENES	XYLENES			
SOLUTION	Solution	Solution	Solution	Solution			
14.3. Transport haz	ard class(es)						
3	3	3	3	3			
14.4. Packing group							
14.5. Environmento	ıl hazards						
Dangerous for	Dangerous for	Dangerous for	Dangerous for	Dangerous for			
the environment :	the environment :	the environment :	the environment :	the environment :			
No	No	No	No	No			

#### In accordance with ADR / RID / IMDG / IATA / ADN

ADR	IMDG	ΙΑΤΑ	ADN	RID
	Marine pollutant :			
	No			

## 14.6. Special precautions for user

No additional information available

**14.7. Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL and the IBC Code** Not applicable

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## SECTION 15: Regulatory information

# 15.1. Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

#### 15.1.1. EU-Regulations

Contains no REACH substances with Annex XVII restrictions Contains no substance on the REACH candidate list Contains no REACH Annex XIV substances VOC content 60 - 70 %

#### 15.1.2. National regulations

No additional information available

#### 15.2. Chemical safety assessment

No chemical safety assessment has been carried out

## **SECTION 16: Other information**

Section	Section Header	Change	Date Changed
1.3	Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet	Modified	03/09/2015
4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 10, 11, 15, 16	Minor changes to whole sections	Modified	03/09/2015
4, 5, 6, 7, 9, 11, 15	Minor changes to whole sections	Modified	05/12/2017
2	Hazards identification	Mixture reclassified. Removed DSD/DPD information.	03/09/2015
3	Composition/information on ingredients	Changed component classifications. Removed not classified components and components below cutoffs. Removed DSD/DPD information.	03/09/2015
3	Composition/information on ingredients	Modified	05/12/2017
15.1	EU-Regulations	Modified	03/09/2015

Date of Preparation or Latest 05/12/2017 Revision

Data sources	Information and data obtained and used in the authoring of this safety data sheet could come from database subscriptions, official government regulatory body websites, product/ingredient manufacturer or supplier specific information, and/or resources that include substance specific
	data and classifications according to GHS or their subsequent adoption of GHS.
Other information	According to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH) with its

According to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH) with its amendment Regulation (EU) 2015/830

#### Full text of H- and EUH-statements:

Acute toxicity (dermal), Category 4		
Acute toxicity (inhalation:vapour) Category 4		
Acute toxicity (oral), Category 4		
Aspiration hazard, Category 1		
Serious eye damage/eye irritation, Category 1		
Serious eye damage/eye irritation, Category 2		
Flammable liquids, Category 2		
Flammable liquids, Category 3		
Skin corrosion/irritation, Category 2		
Highly flammable liquid and vapour.		
Flammable liquid and vapour.		
Harmful if swallowed.		
May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.		
Harmful in contact with skin.		
Causes skin irritation.		
Causes serious eye damage		
Causes serious eye irritation.		
Harmful if inhaled.		

#### Abbreviations and Acronyms

ADDIEVIALIONS and ACIONYINS		
ACGIH – American Conference of Governme	ental Industrial Hygienists	MARPOL - International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution
ADN – European Agreement Concerning the	International Carriage of	NDS - Najwyzsze Dopuszczalne Stezenie
Dangerous Goods by Inland Waterways		NDSCh - Najwyzsze Dopuszczalne Stezenie Chwilowe
ADR - European Agreement Concerning the	International Carriage of	NDSP - Najwyzsze Dopuszczalne Stezenie Pulapowe
Dangerous Goods by Road		NOAEL - No-Observed Adverse Effect Level
ATE - Acute Toxicity Estimate		NOEC - No-Observed Effect Concentration
BCF - Bioconcentration Factor		NRD - Nevirsytinas Ribinis Dydis
BEI - Biological Exposure Indices (BEI)		NTP – National Toxicology Program
BOD – Biochemical Oxygen Demand		OEL - Occupational Exposure Limits
CAS No Chemical Abstracts Service Number	er	PBT - Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic
CLP – Classification, Labeling and Packaging	Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008	PEL - Permissible Exposure Limit
COD – Chemical Oxygen Demand		pH – Potential Hydrogen
EC – European Community		REACH – Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation, and Restriction of
EC50 - Median Effective Concentration		Chemicals
EEC – European Economic Community		RID – Regulations Concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous
EINECS – European Inventory of Existing Cor	nmercial Chemical Substances	Goods by Rail
EmS-No. (Fire) - IMDG Emergency Schedule	Fire	SADT - Self Accelerating Decomposition Temperature
EmS-No. (Spillage) - IMDG Emergency Sched	lule Spillage	SDS - Safety Data Sheet
EU – European Union		STEL - Short Term Exposure Limit
ErC50 - EC50 in Terms of Reduction Growth	Rate	TA-Luft - Technische Anleitung zur Reinhaltung der Luft
GHS – Globally Harmonized System of Classi	fication and Labeling of	TEL TRK – Technical Guidance Concentrations
Chemicals		ThOD – Theoretical Oxygen Demand
IARC - International Agency for Research on	Cancer	TLM - Median Tolerance Limit
IATA - International Air Transport Associatio	n	TLV - Threshold Limit Value
IBC Code - International Bulk Chemical Code		TPRD - Trumpalaikio Poveikio Ribinis Dydis
IMDG - International Maritime Dangerous Goods		TRGS 510 - Technische Regel für Gefahrstoffe 510 - Lagerung von
IPRV - Ilgalaikio Poveikio Ribinis Dydis		Gefahrstoffen in ortsbeweglichen Behältern
IOELV – Indicative Occupational Exposure Li	mit Value	TRGS 552 – Technische Regeln für Gefahrstoffe - N-Nitrosamine
05/12/2017	EN (English)	

LC50 - Median Lethal Concentration LD50 - Median Lethal Dose LOAEL - Lowest Observed Adverse Effect Level LOEC - Lowest-Observed-Effect Concentration Log Koc - Soil Organic Carbon-water Partitioning Coefficient Log Kow - Octanol/water Partition Coefficient

Log Pow - Ratio of the equilibrium concentration (C) of a dissolved substance in a two-phase system consisting of two largely immiscible solvents, in this case octanol and water

MAK – Maximum Workplace Concentration/Maximum Permissible Concentration

TRGS 900 - Technische Regel für Gefahrstoffe 900 – Arbeitsplatzgrenzwerte TRGS 903 - Technische Regel für Gefahrstoffe 903 - Biologische Grenzwerte TSCA - Toxic Substances Control Act TWA - Time Weighted Average VOC – Volatile Organic Compounds VLA-EC - Valor Límite Ambiental Exposición de Corta Duración VLA-ED - Valor Límite Ambiental Exposición Diaria VLE – Valor Límite D'exposition VME – Valeur Limite De Moyenne Exposition VME – Very Persistent and Very Bioaccumulative WEL – Workplace Exposure Limit WGK - Wassergefährdungsklasse

Nusil EU GHS SDS

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